Approved For Release 2006/08/08 : CIA-RDP82-00457R0145001Z0005 GINGGLAIL FORM NO. 51-4AA CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY SECRET CLASSIFICATION SECURITY INFORMATION INFORMATION REPORT REPORT NO CD NO. DATE DISTR. 30 October 1952 COUNTRY China/Korea NO. OF PAGES Chinese Communist-North Korean Combined SUBJECT Units in North Korea

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Northeast Coast Defense Corps

By mid-July 1952 the Northeast Coast Defense Corps had been organized to defend the area between Hamhung (127-32, 39-54) (CV-7517) and Huich on (126-17, 40-20) (BV-6968). This corps, which comprised three Chinese Communist armies, two North Korean divisions, and three Chinese Communist-North Korean mixed brigades, was part of a force defending the 39th parallel under the control of the Chinese Communist North Korean Combined Rear General Headquarters in Kaech'on (125-54, 39-42) (YD-4998).

Chinese Communist-North Korean Combined Anti-Aircraft Observation Units

- 2. In early August a Chinese Communist-North Korean combined anti-aircraft observation unit was at Chuum-dong (126-05, 38-04) (BT-4417) where it had moved in early June 1952 from the north through Sariwon (125-45, 38-30) (YC-4064). The unit comprised 50 Chinese Communist soldiers and 90 North Korean soldiers, equipped with 5 anti-aircraft machine guns, 4 flattrajectory guns, 2 anti-aircraft guns, 1 heavy machine gun, 1 light machine gun, and 1 radar set. During the day, the unit was given lectures on United Nations planes and instructed in the use of anti-aircraft artillery.
- 3. In early August another Chinese Communist-North Korean combined anti-aircraft observation unit was 100 meters west of the Kohung (126-20, 39-19) (BU-7055) railroad station. In January 1952 this unit had been organized in T'unghua (125-57, 41-43) and then moved to Kanggye (126-36, 40-58) (BA-9837). In

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mid-May it moved to Köhung. This unit, which was primarily a training unit, comprised 200 (hinese Communist soldiers, 200 North Korean soldiers, 100 Morth Korean army engineers, and 50 Soviet officers, who were assigned as instructors. The equipment of the unit included 30 anti-aircraft machine guns, 10 anti-aircraft guns, 15 heavy machine guns, and 10 light machine guns. During the day, the unit was instructed in the use of the anti-aircraft machine guns and given technical lectures; at night they were trained in spotting United Nations planes.

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